

REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements contained in this presentation and certain other written or oral statements made from time to time by Flowers Foods, Inc. (the "company", "Flowers Foods", "Flowers", "us", "we", or "our") and its representatives that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements relate to current expectations regarding our business and our future financial condition and results of operations and are often identified by the use of words and phrases such as "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "plan," "predict," "project," "should," "will," "would," "is likely to," "is expected to" or "will continue," or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements are based upon assumptions we believe are reasonable. Forward-looking statements are based on current information and are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those projected. Certain factors that may cause actual results, performance, liquidity, and achievements to differ materially from those projected are discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 28, 2024 (the "Form 10-K") and our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and may include, but are not limited to, (a) unexpected changes in any of the following: (1) general economic and business conditions; (2) the competitive setting in which we operate, including advertising or promotional strategies by us or our competitors, as well as changes in consumer demand; (3) interest rates and other terms available to us on our borrowings; (4) supply chain conditions and any related impact on energy and raw materials costs and availability and hedging counter-party risks; (5) relationships with or increased costs related to our employees and third-party service providers; (6) laws and regulations (including environmental and health-related issues and the impacts of tariffs, including retaliatory tariffs); and (7) accounting standards or tax rates in the markets in which we operate, (b) the loss or financial instability of any significant customer(s), including as a result of product recalls or safety concerns related to our products, (c) changes in consumer behavior, trends and preferences, including health and whole grain trends and consumer buying habits, the movement toward less expensive store branded products, and the continued reduction of purchases in the fresh packaged bread category, (d) the level of success we achieve in developing and introducing new products and entering new markets, (e) our ability to implement new technology and customer requirements as required, (f) our ability to operate existing, and any new, manufacturing lines according to schedule, (g) our ability to implement and achieve our corporate responsibility goals in accordance with regulatory requirements and the expectations of our stakeholders, suppliers, and customers; (h) our ability to execute our business strategies which may involve, among other things, (1) the ability to realize the intended benefits of completed, planned or contemplated acquisitions, dispositions or joint ventures, such as the acquisition of Simple Mills, (2) the deployment of new systems (e.g., our enterprise resource planning ("ERP") system), distribution channels and technology, and (3) an enhanced organizational structure (e.g., our sales and supply chain reorganization), (i) consolidation within the baking industry and related industries, (j) changes in pricing, customer and consumer reaction to pricing actions (including decreased volumes), and the pricing environment among competitors within the industry, (k) our ability to adjust pricing to offset, or partially offset, inflationary pressure or tariffs (including retaliatory tariffs) on the cost of our products, including ingredient and packaging costs; (1) disruptions in our direct-store-delivery distribution model, including litigation or an adverse ruling by a court or regulatory or governmental body that could affect the independent contractor classifications of the independent distributor partners ("IDPs"), and changes to our direct-store-delivery distribution model in California, (m) increasing legal complexity and legal proceedings that we are or may become subject to, (n) labor shortages and turnover or increases in employee and employee-related costs, (o) the credit, business, and legal risks associated with IDPs and customers, which operate in the highly competitive retail food and foodservice industries, (p) any business disruptions due to political instability, pandemics, armed hostilities, incidents of terrorism, natural disasters, labor strikes or work stoppages, technological breakdowns, product contamination, product recalls or safety concerns related to our products, or the responses to or repercussions from any of these or similar events or conditions and our ability to insure against such events, (q) the failure of our information technology systems to perform adequately, including any interruptions, intrusions, cyber-attacks or security breaches of such systems or risks associated with the implementation of the upgrade of our ERP system; and (r) the potential impact of climate change on the company, including physical and transition risks, our availability or restriction of resources, higher regulatory and compliance costs, reputational risks, and our availability of capital on attractive terms. The foregoing list of important factors does not include all such factors, nor does it necessarily present them in order of importance. In addition, you should consult other disclosures made by the company (such as in our other filings with the SEC or in company press releases) for other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those projected by the company. Refer to Part I, Item 1A., Risk Factors, of our Form 10-K, Part II, Item 1A., Risk Factors, of the Form 10-Q for the quarter ended October 4, 2025 and subsequent filings with the SEC for additional information regarding factors that could affect the company's results of operations, financial condition and liquidity. We caution you not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, as they speak only as of the date made and are inherently uncertain. The company undertakes no obligation to publicly revise or update such statements, except as required by law. You are advised, however, to consult any further public disclosures by the company (such as in our filings with the SEC or in company press releases) on related subjects.



KEY MESSAGES

- Portfolio transformation efforts driving strong relative
 performance—all leading brands either gained or held unit share
- Persistent **challenging consumer environment** pressured categories, particularly traditional loaf
- Announced exciting slate of on-trend innovation, including a new higher-protein loaf from our Nature's Own Life lineup and DKB Supreme Sourdough
- Narrowed guidance range to reflect greater certainty as we enter the fourth quarter







Q3 2025 FINANCIAL REVIEW

NET SALES

\$1.227B +3.0% v PY

Price/Mix -2.3%¹

• Volume -0.6%²

• Acquisition +5.9%

CASH FLOWS — YTD'25

Cash from Ops

Dividends

\$320.8M

\$157.0M

Capex

Acquisition⁵

\$80.3M

\$791.9M

NET INCOME

\$39.5M -39.2% v PY

ADJ. EBITDA³

\$118.1M -11.4% v PY

- Impacted by lower gross margin⁴ and higher adjusted SD&A⁴
- 9.6% of sales, down 160 bps

GAAP DILUTED EPS

\$0.19 -\$0.12 v PY

ADJ. DILUTED EPS⁶

\$0.23 -\$0.10 v PY

- Lower adjusted EBITDA⁴
- · Increased net interest expense

- (1) Calculated as (current year period units X change in price per unit) / prior year period net sales \$
- (2) Calculated as (prior year period price per unit X change in units) / prior year period net sales \$
- (3) Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation & amortization (EBITDA), adjusted for matters affecting comparability. See non-GAAP reconciliations at the end of this slide presentation. Earnings are net income. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are reconciled to net income.
- (4) Adjusted for matters affecting comparability.
- (5) Net of cash acauired.
- (6) Earnings per share (EPS), adjusted for matters affecting comparability. See non-GAAP reconciliations at the end of this slide presentation.

Q3 2025 NET SALES HIGHLIGHTS

Net sales increased 3.0% due to the Simple Mills acquisition contribution, partly offset by softer volumes and negative price/mix

Branded Retail net sales increased 6.9% due to the acquisition contribution, partly offset by volume declines and unfavorable price/mix

Other net sales decreased 3.8% due to unfavorable price/mix, partially offset by increased volume for non-retail items

NET SALES CHANGE BY SALES CLASS (MILLIONS) +3.0% INCREASE Q3'24 Branded Retail Other Q3'25

NET SALES BRIDGE Branded Other Total¹ Retail -4.1% -2.3% -1.1% Price/Mix -0.6% 0.3% -1.3% Volume +5.9% Acquisition +9.3% +3.0% Total -3.8% +6.9%



Q3 2025 HIGHLIGHTS

Net income decreased 39.2% to \$39.5 million, primarily due to lower operating income and higher net interest expense

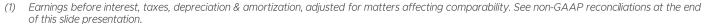
Adjusted EBITDA¹ decreased primarily due to a challenging consumer environment, partially offset by the acquisition contribution

ADJUSTED EBITDA¹ (MILLIONS)









FISCAL 2025 GUIDANCE

(Provided November 6, 2025)

	FLOWERS STANDALONE	SIMPLE MILLS (PARTIAL YEAR)	FLOWERS TOTAL
Net Sales	\$5.033 to \$5.083B	\$221 to \$223M	\$5.254 to \$ 5.306B
Adj. EBITDA ¹	\$485 to \$499M	\$30 to \$33M	\$515 to \$532M
Adj. dil. EPS ²	\$1.10 to \$1.15	(\$0.08) to (\$0.07)	\$1.02 to \$1.08

OTHER

Depreciation & amortization

\$168 - \$172M

Net interest expense

\$58 - \$62M

Capital expenditures

\$120 - \$130M³

Effective tax rate

APPROX. 24.5%

Diluted shares outstanding

APPROX. 212.3M

Fiscal 2025 Considerations

- 53rd week expected to contribute \$70-80M net sales, \$5-7M adj. EBITDA, and approx. \$0.02 adj EPS
- Expected tariff impact decreased to \$13-18M⁴ from \$17-22M
- Consumer resiliency
- Promotional environment
- Simple Mills integration
- Ability to mitigate cost inflation
- Timing and effectiveness of cost savings initiatives
- ERP rollout

⁽¹⁾ No reconciliation of the forecasted range for adjusted EBITDA to net income for the 53-week Fiscal 2025 is included in this presentation because the company is unable to quantify certain amounts that would be required to be included in the GAAP measure without unreasonable efforts. In addition, the company believes such reconciliation would imply a degree of precision that would be confusing or misleading to investors. For the same reasons, the company is unable to address the probable significance of the unavailable information, which could be material to future results.

⁽²⁾ Earnings per share (EPS), adjusted for matters affecting comparability. See non-GAAP reconciliations at the end of this slide presentation.

⁽³⁾ Includes \$3-5 million related to ERP upgrade

⁽⁴⁾ Tariff range assumes \$11-14 million for Flowers standalone and \$2-4 million for Simple Mills

GUIDANCE DRIVERS





LONG-TERM GROWTH TARGET SCORECARD

	LT	CAGR ¹						
	Targets ¹	FY'20 ¹	FY'21	FY'22	FY'23	FY'24	FY'25 ^{1,2}	
Net Sales	1-2%	6.4%	2.5%	5.2 %	5.4%	4.4%	3.5%	
Adj EBITDA	4-6%	23.4%	7.8%	5.9%	4.4%	5.0%	2.6 % ³	
Adj dil. EPS	7-9%	36.5%	13.7%	9.8%	5.7%	5.9%	2.7%	



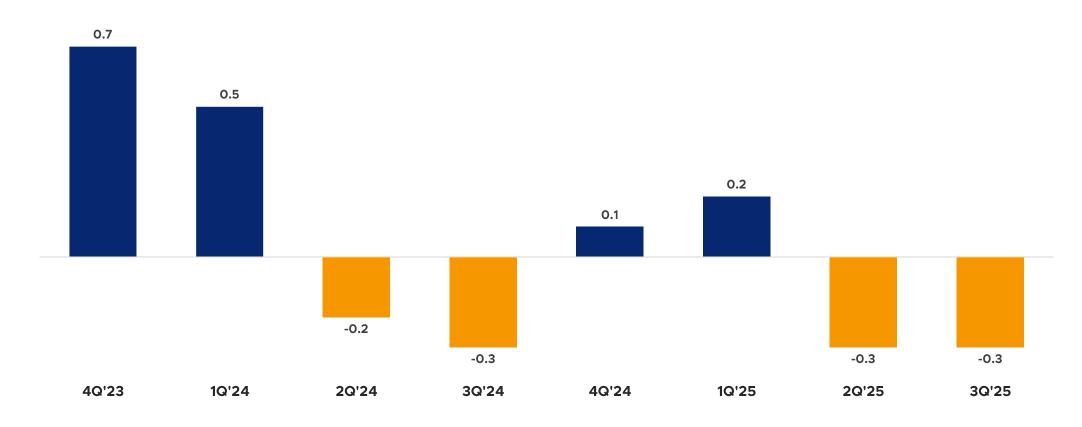
⁽¹⁾ Off FY'19 base; FY'20 and FY'25 are 53-week years

⁽²⁾ Implied return using FY'25 guidance midpoint for standalone Flowers, excluding Simple Mills impact; FY'25 is a 53-week year

⁽³⁾ No reconciliation of the forecasted range for adjusted EBITDA to net income for the 53-week Fiscal 2025 is included in this presentation because the company is unable to quantify certain amounts that would be required to be included in the GAAP measure without unreasonable efforts. In addition, the company believes such reconciliation would imply a degree of precision that would be confusing or misleading to investors. For the same reasons, the company is unable to address the probable significance of the unavailable information, which could be material to future results.

PRIVATE LABEL UNIT SHARE

CHANGE IN PRIVATE LABEL UNIT SHARE (Y/Y)

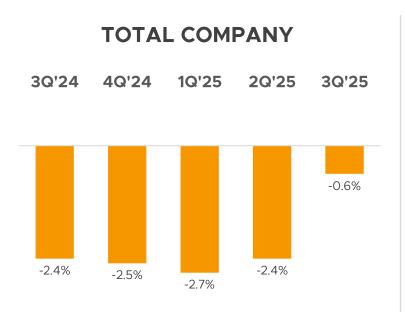


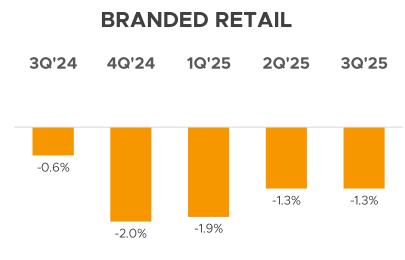


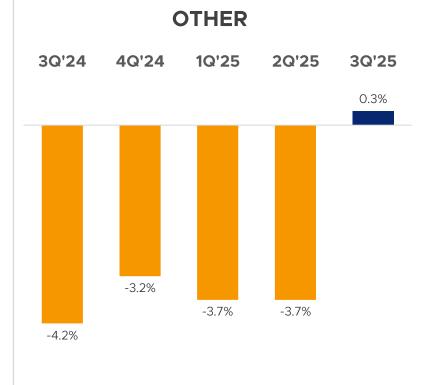
VOLUME TRENDS

- Branded retail impacted by continued weakness in the fresh packaged bread category and increased hurricane-driven demand in the prior year quarter
- Other benefitted from growth in contract manufacturing and vending, net of foodservice volume declines

FLO Volume % Change (Y/Y)



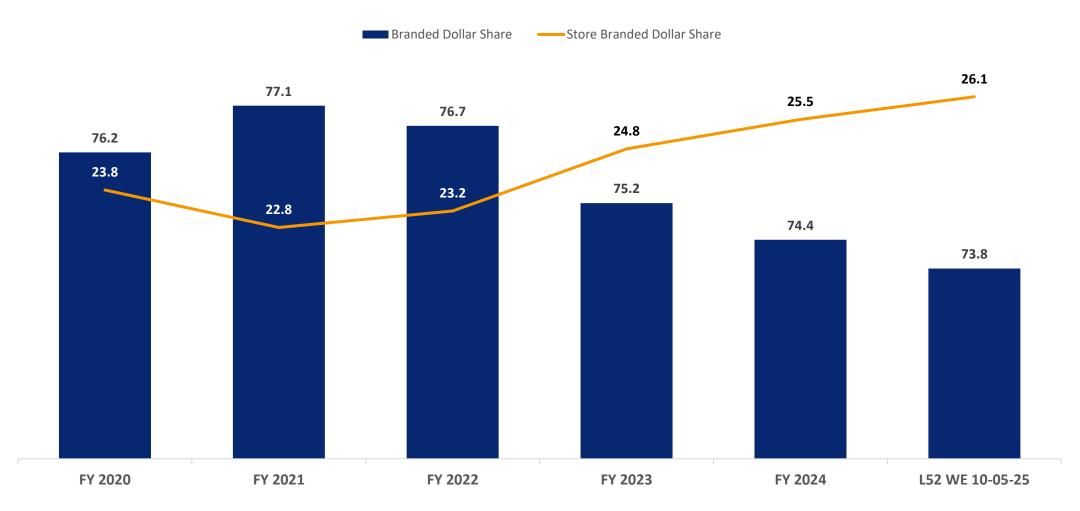






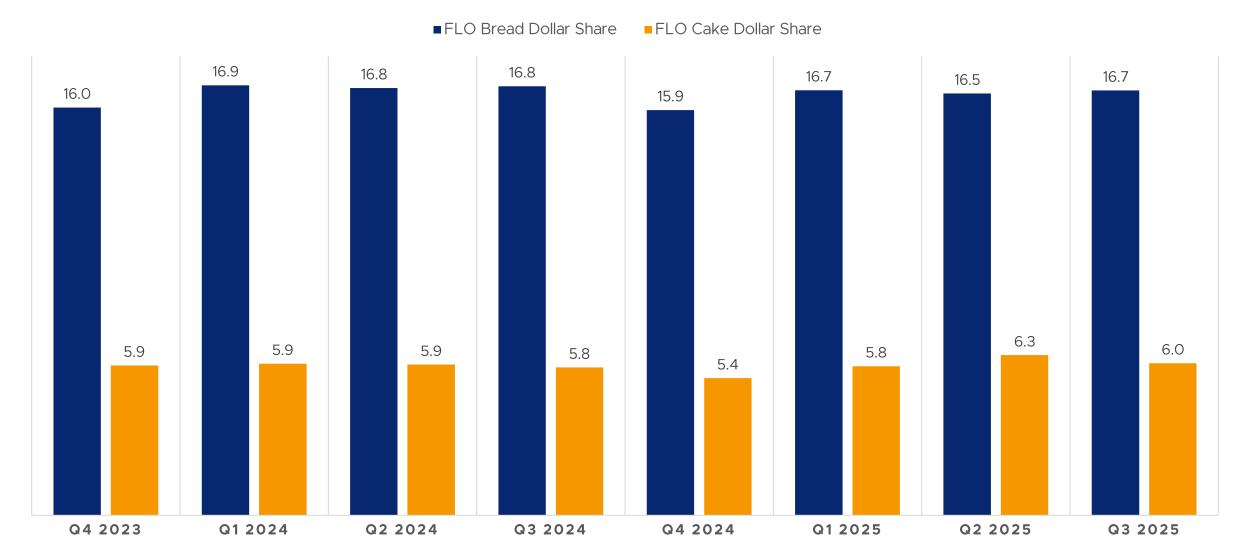
BRANDED VS STORE BRAND MARKET SHARE

Long-term trend of branded share gains interrupted by inflationary pressure on consumers



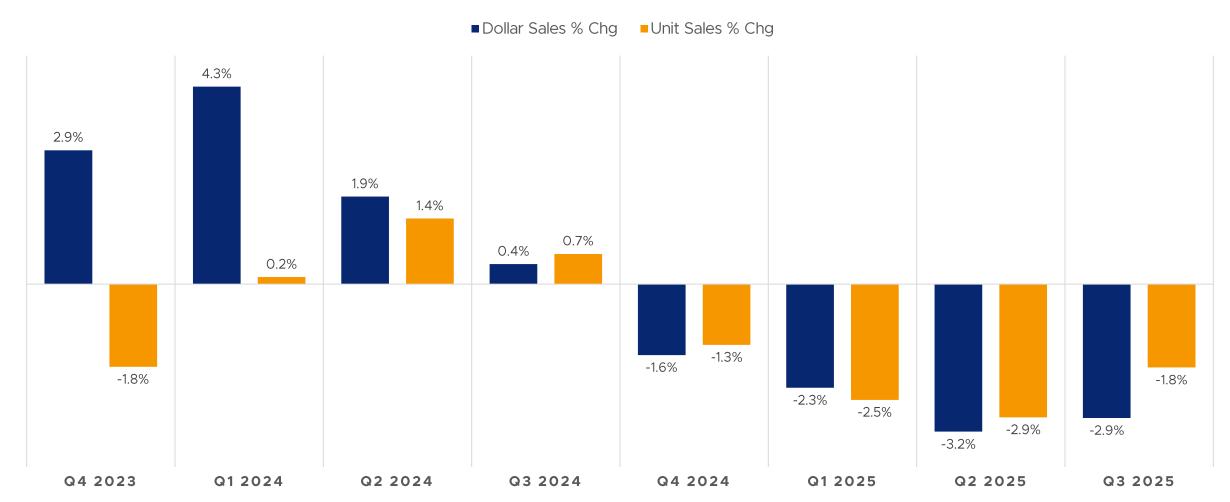


FLOWERS MARKET SHARE



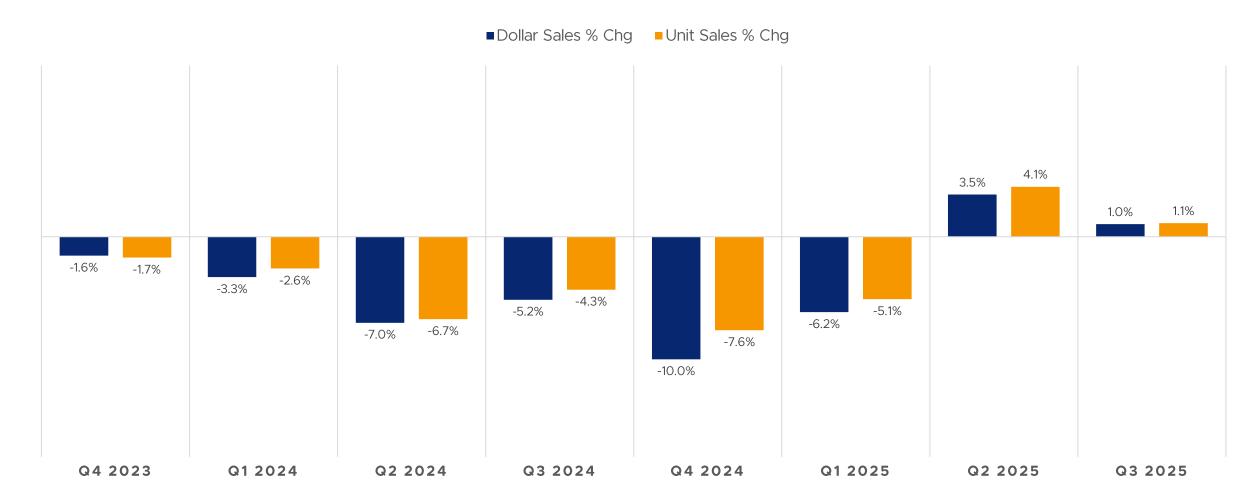


FLOWERS FRESH PACKAGED BREADS



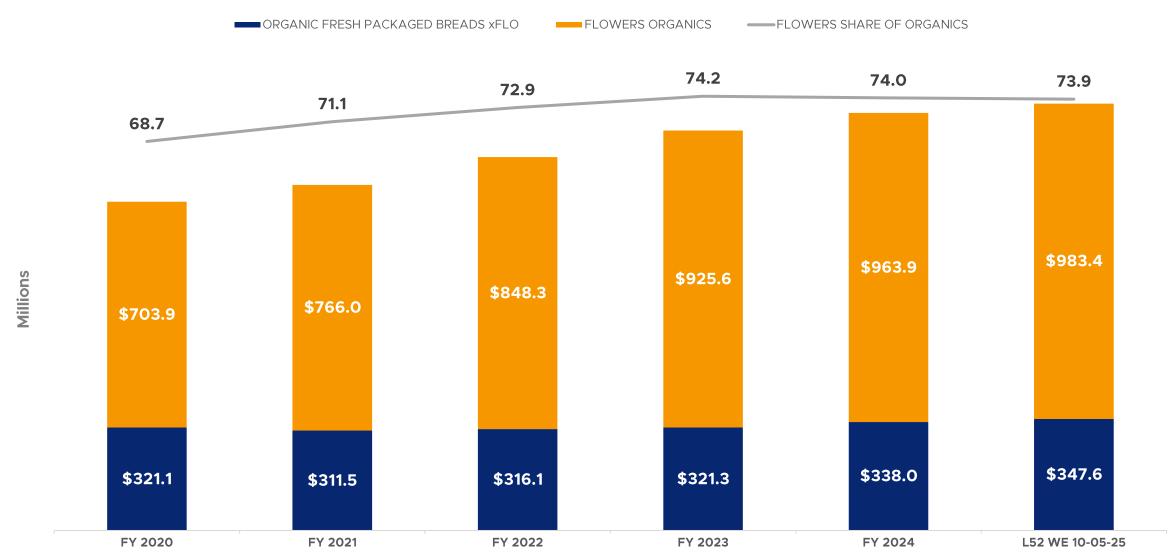


FLOWERS COMMERCIAL CAKE



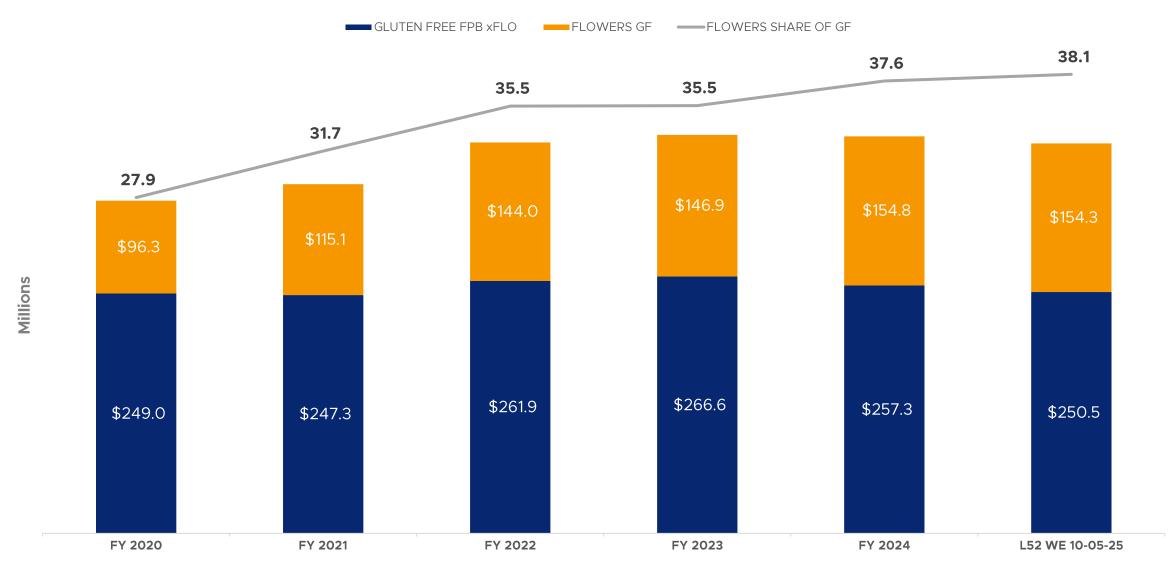


ORGANIC CATEGORY SALES





GLUTEN-FREE CATEGORY SALES





INFORMATION REGARDING NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

Information Regarding Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The company prepares its consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). However, from time to time, the company may present in its public statements, press releases and SEC filings, non-GAAP financial measures such as, EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, adjusted net income, adjusted diluted EPS, adjusted income tax expense, adjusted selling, distribution and administrative expenses (SD&A), and gross margin excluding depreciation and amortization. The reconciliations attached provide reconciliations of the non-GAAP measures used in this presentation or release to the most comparable GAAP financial measure. The company's definitions of these non-GAAP measures may differ from similarly titled measures used by others. These non-GAAP measures should be considered supplemental to, and not a substitute for, financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP.

The company defines EBITDA as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization. Earnings are net income. The company believes that EBITDA is a useful tool for managing the operations of its business and is an indicator of the company's ability to incur and service indebtedness and generate free cash flow. The company also believes that EBITDA measures are commonly reported and widely used by investors and other interested parties as measures of a company's operating performance and debt servicing ability because EBITDA measures assist in comparing performance on a consistent basis without regard to depreciation or amortization, which can vary significantly depending upon accounting methods and non-operating factors (such as historical cost). EBITDA is also a widely-accepted financial indicator of a company's ability to incur and service indebtedness.

EBITDA should not be considered an alternative to (a) income from operations or net income (loss) as a measure of operating performance; (b) cash flows provided by operating, investing and financing activities (as determined in accordance with GAAP) as a measure of the company's ability to meet its cash needs; or (c) any other indicator of performance or liquidity that has been determined in accordance with GAAP.

The company defines adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, adjusted net income, adjusted diluted EPS, adjusted income tax expense and adjusted SD&A, respectively, to exclude additional costs that the company considers important to present to investors to increase the investors' insights about the company's core operations. These costs include, but are not limited to, the costs of closing a plant or costs associated with acquisition-related activities, restructuring activities, certain impairment charges, legal settlements, costs to implement an enterprise resource planning system and enhance bakery digital capabilities (business process improvement costs) to provide investors direct insight into these costs, and other costs impacting past and future company believes that these measures, when considered together with its GAAP financial results, provides management and investors with a more complete understanding of its business operating results, including underlying trends, by excluding the effects of certain charges. Adjusted EBITDA is used as the primary performance measure in the company's 2014 Omnibus Equity and Incentive Compensation Plan (Amended and Restated Effective May 25, 2023).

Presentation of gross margin includes depreciation and amortization in the materials, supplies, labor and other production costs according to GAAP. Our method of presenting gross margin excludes the depreciation and amortization components, as discussed above.

The reconciliations attached provide reconciliations of the non-GAAP measures used in this presentation to the most comparable GAAP financial measure.

No reconciliation of the forecasted range for adjusted EBITDA is included in this presentation because we are unable to quantify certain amounts that would be required to be included in the GAAP measure without unreasonable efforts. In addition, the company believes such reconciliation would imply a degree of precision that would be confusing or misleading to investors. For the same reasons, the company is unable to address the probable significance of the unavailable information, which could be material to future results.



RECONCILIATION OF EARNINGS PER SHARE TO ADJUSTED DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

	For the 12-Week Period Ended			e 12-Week od Ended
	Octob	er 4, 2025	Octob	er 5, 2024
Net income per diluted common share	\$	0.19	\$	0.31
Business process improvement costs		NM		NM
Plant closure costs and impairment of assets		_		0.02
Restructuring charges		0.02		_
Restructuring-related implementation costs		0.01		_
Acquisition and integration-related costs		0.01		_
Legal settlements and related costs		_		NM
Adjusted net income per diluted common share	\$	0.23	\$	0.33

NM – Not meaningful.
Certain amounts may not add due to rounding



RECONCILIATION OF GROSS MARGIN EXCLUDING DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION TO GROSS MARGIN (000S OMITTED)

	For the 12-Week Period Ended October 4, 2025		Pe	riod Ended ober 5, 2024
Net sales	\$	1,226,554	\$	1,190,561
Materials, supplies, labor and other production costs (exclusive				
of depreciation and amortization)		638,703		598,209
Gross margin excluding depreciation and amortization		587,851		592,352
Less depreciation and amortization for production activities		21,198		20,914
Gross margin	\$	566,653	\$	571,438
Depreciation and amortization for production activities	\$	21,198	\$	20,914
Depreciation and amortization for selling, distribution, and				
administrative activities		18,675		16,417
Total depreciation and amortization	\$	39,873	\$	37,331



RECONCILIATION OF SELLING, DISTRIBUTION AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES TO ADJUSTED SD&A (000S OMITTED)

	For the 12-Week Period Ended		For the 12-Week Period Ended		
	Octo	ober 4, 2025	Octo	ober 5, 2024	
Selling, distribution, and administrative expenses (SD&A)	\$	475,952	\$	460,359	
Business process improvement costs		(949)		(490)	
Restructuring-related implementation costs		(3,534)		_	
Acquisition and integration-related costs		(1,735)		_	
Legal settlements and related costs		_		(827)	
Adjusted SD&A	\$	469,734	\$	459,042	
Sales	\$	1,226,554	\$	1,190,561	
Adjusted SD&A as a percent of sales		38.3%		38.6%	



RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME TO EBITDA AND ADJUSTED EBITDA (000S OMITTED)

	Pei	he 12-Week riod Ended ober 4, 2025	Pe	riod Ended ober 5, 2024
Net income	\$	39,534	\$	64,984
Income tax expense		12,617		20,536
Interest expense, net		14,453		4,778
Depreciation and amortization		39,873		37,331
EBITDA		106,477		127,629
Other pension benefit		(88)		(119)
Business process improvement costs		949		490
Plant closure costs and impairment of assets		_		4,483
Restructuring charges		5,510		_
Restructuring-related implementation costs		3,534		_
Acquisition and integration-related costs		1,735		_
Legal settlements and related costs		_		827
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	118,117	\$	133,310
Net sales	\$	1,226,554	\$	1,190,561
Adjusted EBITDA margin		9.6%		11.2%



RECONCILIATION OF INCOME TAX EXPENSE TO ADJUSTED INCOME TAX EXPENSE (000S OMITTED)

	Peri	e 12-Week od Ended ber 4, 2025	Peri	od Ended ber 5, 2024
Income tax expense	\$	12,617	\$	20,536
Tax impact of:				
Business process improvement costs		237		123
Plant closure costs and impairment of assets		_		1,122
Restructuring charges		1,377		_
Restructuring-related implementation costs		884		_
Acquisition and integration-related costs		87		_
Legal settlements and related costs		_		207
Adjusted income tax expense	\$	15,202	\$	21,988



RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME TO ADJUSTED NET INCOME (000S OMITTED)

	For the 12-Week Period Ended			ne 12-Week iod Ended
	Octo	ber 4, 2025	Octo	ber 5, 2024
Net income	\$	39,534	\$	64,984
Business process improvement costs		712		367
Plant closure costs and impairment of assets		_		3,361
Restructuring charges		4,133		_
Restructuring-related implementation costs		2,650		_
Acquisition and integration-related costs		1,648		_
Legal settlements and related costs		_		620
Adjusted net income	\$	48,677	\$	69,332



RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME TO EBITDA AND ADJUSTED EBITDA (000S OMITTED)

			the 16 Weeks Ended	For the 12 Weeks Ended	For the 12-Week Period Ended	Trailing 52 Week Period Ended
	December 28, 2024	l A _l	pril 19, 2025	July 12, 2025	October 4, 2025	October 4, 2025
	40.400		50.000	.	4 20.504	404040
Net Income	\$ 43,122	\$	52,998	\$ 58,365	\$ 39,534	\$ 194,019
Income tax expense	13,783		18,204	20,099	12,617	64,703
Interest expense, net	4,326		14,048	15,036	14,453	47,863
Depreciation and amortization	36,817		49,268	39,826	39,873	165,784
EBITDA	98,048		134,518	133,326	106,477	472,369
Other pension benefit	122		(117)	(88)	(88)	(171)
Acquisition and integration-related costs	2,008		13,764	871	1,735	18,378
Restructuring and related impairment charges	-		573	-	5,510	6,083
Plant closure costs and impairment of assets	450		7,397	-	-	7,847
Legal settlements and related costs	2,973		697	205		3,875
Business process improvement costs	(1,250))	891	471	949	1,061
Restructuring-related implementation costs			4,288	2,896	3,534	10,718
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 102,351	\$	162,011	\$ 137,681	\$ 118,117	\$ 520,160



RECONCILIATION OF DEBT TO NET DEBT AND CALCULATION OF NET DEBT TO TRAILING TWELVE MONTH ADJUSTED EBITDA RATIO (000S OMITTED)

	Octo	As of ober 4, 2025
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$	399,433
Long-term debt		1,380,190
Total debt		1,779,623
Less: Cash and cash equivalents		16,731
Net Debt	\$	1,762,892
Adjusted EBITDA for the Trailing Twelve Months Ended October 4, 2025	\$	520,160
Ratio of Net Debt to Trailing Twelve Month Adjusted EBITDA		3.4



RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME TO EBITDA AND ADJUSTED EBITDA (000S OMITTED)

	For the 52-Week Period Ended December 28, 2024		Pe	the 52-Week riod Ended mber 30, 2023
Net income	\$	248,116	\$	123,416
Income tax expense		80,826		33,691
Interest expense, net		19,623		16,032
Depreciation and amortization		159,210		151,709
EBITDA		507,775		324,848
Other pension benefit		(273)		(269)
Business process improvement costs (recoveries)		4,529		21,521
Plant closure costs and impairment of assets		10,310		7,298
Restructuring charges		7,403		7,099
Restructuring-related implementation costs		2,979		_
Acquisition-related costs		2,008		3,712
Legal settlements and related costs		3,800		137,529
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	538,531	\$	501,738



RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME TO EBITDA AND ADJUSTED EBITDA (000S OMITTED)

	For the Fiscal Year Ended				
	December 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	January 1, 2022	January 2, 2021	December 28, 2019
Net Income	\$ 123,416	\$ 228,394	\$ 206,187	\$ 152,318	\$ 164,538
Income tax expense	33,691	70,317	64,585	48,393	47,545
Interest expense, net	16,032	5,277	8,001	12,094	11,097
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	-	16,149	-	-
Depreciation and amortization	151,709	141,957	136,559	141,384	144,228
EBITDA	324,848	445,945	431,481	354,189	367,408
Other pension (benefit) cost	(269)	(773)	(405)	(74)	2,248
Pension plan settlement and curtailment loss	-	-	403	108,757	-
Gain on divestiture	-	-	-	-	-
Gain on sale, severance costs, and lease termination (gain) loss	-	(4,390)	(2,644)	(4,066)	-
Acquisition-related costs	3,712	12,518	-	-	22
FASTER Act and loss (recovery) on inferior ingredients	-	236	944	107	(37)
Project Centennial consulting costs	-	-	-	15,548	784
ERP road mapping consulting costs	-	-	-	4,363	-
Restructuring and related impairment charges	7,099	-	-	35,483	23,524
Multi-employer pension plan withdrawal costs	-	-	3,300	-	-
Plant closure costs and impairment of assets	7,298	7,825	-	-	-
Legal settlements and related costs	137,529	7,500	23,089	7,250	28,014
Other pension plan termination costs	-	-	-	133	-
Executive retirement agreement	-	-	-	-	763
Business process improvement consulting costs	21,521	33,169	31,293	-	-
Acquisition consideration agreement	-	-	3,400	-	-
Manufacturing facility closure costs and acquisition costs	-	-	-	-	-
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 501,738	\$ 502,030	\$ 490,861	\$ 521,690	\$ 422,726



RECONCILIATION OF EARNINGS PER SHARE TO ADJUSTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

	For the Fiscal Year Ended	Ended Ended Ended Ended			For the Fiscal Year Ended	For the Fiscal Year Ended	
	December 28, 2024	December 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	January 1, 2022	January 2, 2021	December 28, 2019	
Net income per diluted common share	\$ 1.17	\$ 0.58	\$ 1.07	\$ 0.97	\$ 0.72	\$ 0.78	
Restructuring and related impairment charges	0.03	0.02	-	-	0.13	0.08	
FASTER Act, net of (recovery) loss on inferior ingredients	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Project Centennial consulting costs	-	-	-	-	0.05	-	
ERP road mapping consulting costs	-	-	-	-	0.02	-	
Multi-employer pension plan withdrawal costs	-	-	-	0.01	-	-	
Plant closure costs and impairment of assets	0.04	0.03	0.03	-	-	-	
Pension plan settlement and curtailment loss	-	-	-	-	0.38	-	
Legal settlements and related costs	0.01	-	0.03	0.08	0.03	0.10	
Gain on sale, severance costs, and lease termination (gain) loss	-	0.48	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.01)	-	
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	-	-	0.06	-	-	
Acquisition-related costs	0.01	0.01	0.04	-	-	-	
Business process improvement costs	0.02	0.08	0.12	0.11	-	-	
Acquisition consideration adjustment	-	-	-	0.01	-	-	
Restructuring-related implementation costs	0.01	-	-	-	-	-	
Adjusted net income per diluted common share	\$ 1.28	\$ 1.20	\$ 1.27	\$ 1.24	\$ 1.31	\$ 0.96	



RECONCILIATION OF EARNINGS PER SHARE - FULL YEAR FISCAL 2025 GUIDANCE RANGE ESTIMATE

	Range Estimate				
Net income per diluted common share	\$	0.85	to	\$	0.91
Business process improvement costs		0.01			0.01
Plant closure costs and impairment of assets		0.03			0.03
Restructuring charges		0.02			0.02
Restructuring-related implementation costs		0.04			0.04
Acquisition-related costs		0.07			0.07
Legal settlements and related costs		NM			NM
Adjusted net income per diluted common share	\$	1.02	to	\$	1.08

NM – Not meaningful.

Certain amounts may not add due to rounding.

